Material Safety Data Sheet

Safari™ 20 SG Insecticide

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Safari™ 20 SG Insecticide
VC NUMBER(S): 1455
SYNONYM(S): Dinotefuran 20% SG
EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER: 86203-11-59639

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Insecticide for greenhouse, nursery, interior plantscape and outdoor landscape use.

MANUFACTURER/DISTRIBUTOR
VALENT U.S.A. CORPORATION
P.O. Box 8025
1600 Riviera Avenue, Suite 200
Walnut Creek, CA 94596-8025

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS
HEALTH EMERGENCY OR SPILL (24 hr): (800) 892-0099
TRANSPORTATION (24 hr.): CHEMTREC
(800) 424-9300 or (202) 483-7616

PRODUCT INFORMATION
PROFESSIONAL PRODUCTS: (800) 898-2536

The current MSDS is available through our website (www.valent.com), or by calling the product information numbers listed above.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

CAUTION: • Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin
• Powder material may form explosive dust-air mixture
• Avoid breathing dust or vapors
• Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing
• Causes moderate eye irritation
• Keep out of reach of children

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Acute Toxicity (Primary Routes of Exposure): None known

Acute Eye Contact: This product can cause brief and/or minor eye irritation. The expected adverse health effects resulting from an exposure may include redness and possibly swelling.

Acute Skin Contact: This product can cause brief and/or minor irritation. The expected adverse health effects resulting from an exposure may include redness and possibly some minor swelling. This product is slightly toxic when absorbed through the skin. This product is not expected to cause allergic skin reactions.

Acute Ingestion: This product is slightly toxic when ingested.
Acute Inhalation: This product is minimally toxic when inhaled.

Chronic Toxicity (including cancer): No specific target organ(s) could be identified in chronic studies conducted with Dinotefuran in rats, mice and dogs, nor did it produce tumors in rats or mice.

Developmental Toxicity (birth defects): No developmental toxicity was produced in animals exposed to Dinotefuran Technical, even at doses that were toxic to the pregnant animal.

Reproductive Toxicity: Dinotefuran Technical was tested in a two-generation rat reproduction study. Reduced preweaning weight gain was observed only at a dose that also produced systemic maternal toxicity.

Signs and Symptoms of Systemic Effects: No significant signs of systemic toxicity were observed in animals exposed to very high oral, dermal or inhalation dosages of Dinotefuran Technical.

Potentially Aggravated Medical Conditions: None known

For complete discussion of the toxicology data from which this evaluation was made, refer to Section 11. For Ecotox/Environmental Information, refer to Section 12. For Regulatory Information, refer to Section 15.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Weight/ Percent</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Particulates Not Otherwise Classified</td>
<td>No CAS#</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>Other Ingredients</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dinotefuran, N-methyl-N`-nitro-N``-[tetrahydro-3-furanyl]methyl]guanidine</td>
<td>165252-70-0</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Active Ingredient</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other ingredients, which are maintained as trade secrets, are any substances other than an active ingredient contained in this product. Some of these may be hazardous, but their identities are withheld because they are considered trade secrets. The hazards associated with the other ingredients are addressed in this document. Specific information on other ingredients for the management of exposures, spills, or safety assessments can be obtained by a treating physician or nurse by calling (800) 892-0099 at any time.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EMERGENCY NUMBER (800) 892-0099

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-892-0099 for emergency medical treatment information.

EYE CONTACT: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

SKIN CONTACT: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

INGESTION: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
INHALATION:
Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:
None

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: Not applicable
AUTOIGNITION: 350°C (Dinotefuran)
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR - LOWER (%): Not applicable
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR - UPPER (%): Not applicable

NFPA RATING:
Health: 1
Flammability: 3
Reactivity: 1
Special: None

(Least-0, Slight-1, Moderate-2, High-3, Extreme-4). These values are obtained using professional judgement. Values were not available in the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association, NFPA.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS: Products of combustion from fires involving this material may be toxic. Avoid breathing smoke and mists. Avoid personnel and equipment contact with fallout and runoff. Minimize the amount of water used for fire fighting. Do not enter any enclosed area without full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing equipment. Contain and isolate runoff and debris for proper disposal. Decontaminate personal protective equipment and fire fighting equipment before reuse.

This material is not expected to burn or explode in normal conditions, but will burn violently if involved in a fire. Dinotefuran becomes self-reactive in high temperatures. Exposure to heat may promote violent decomposition.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide, water vapor and may produce: Oxides of nitrogen.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| VALEN'T EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: (800) 892-0099 |
| CHEMTREC EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: (800) 424-9300 |

Observe Precautions in Section 8: Personal Protection
Stop the source of the spill if safe to do so. Contain the spill to prevent further contamination of the soil, surface water, or ground water. For additional spill response information refer to the North American Emergency Response Guidebook.

UN/NA NUMBER: Not applicable  EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK NO.: Not applicable

FOR SPILLS ON LAND

CONTAINMENT: Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Clean-up personnel may require protection from inhalation of dust. Avoid runoff into storm sewers or other bodies of water.

CLEANUP: Clean up spill immediately in a manner that does not disperse dust into the air and place in a chemical waste container. Wash area with soap and water. Pick up wash liquid with additional absorbent and place in a chemical waste container.

FOR SPILLS IN WATER

CONTAINMENT: This material will disperse or dissolve in water. Stop the source of the release. Contain and isolate to prevent further release into soil, surface water and ground water.

CLEANUP: Clean up spill immediately. Absorb spill with inert material. Remove contaminated water for treatment or disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

END USER MUST READ AND OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS ON PRODUCT LABEL.

HANDLING:
Keep away from all possible sources of ignition (sparks or flame). Avoid high temperatures exceeding 150°C. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring the material. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

STORAGE:
Keep pesticide in original container. Do not store or transport near food or feed. Do not contaminate food or feed. Do not put concentrate into food or drink containers. Do not dilute concentrate in food or drink containers. Store in a cool, dry place, out of direct sunlight.
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

END USER MUST READ AND OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS ON PRODUCT LABEL.

EYES & FACE: Do not get this material in your eyes. Eye contact can be avoided by wearing protective eyewear.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use this material only in well ventilated areas. If operating conditions result in airborne concentrations of this material, the use of an approved respirator is recommended.

SKIN & HAND PROTECTION: Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Skin contact can be minimized by wearing protective clothing including gloves.

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL FORM: Granule
COLOR: White
ODOR: Odorless
FLASH POINT: Not applicable
MELTING POINT: 107.5°C (Dinotefuran)
BOILING POINT: Decomposed 208°C (Dinotefuran)
BULK DENSITY: 0.56 g/ml
pH: 7.6 (1% solution)
SOLUBILITY: Soluble in water

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable at normal ambient temperatures.
INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong oxidizers, heat and sources of ignition.
OXIDATION/REDUCTION PROPERTIES: Not an oxidizing or reducing agent.
EXPLODABILITY: Minimum Explosive Concentration: 110 mg/L
Maximum Oxygen Concentration: 11%
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide, water vapor and may produce: Oxides of nitrogen.

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route of Exposure</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Tox Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral toxicity LD₅₀ (rats)</td>
<td>&gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal toxicity LD₅₀ (rabbits)</td>
<td>&gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation toxicity LC₅₀ (rats)</td>
<td>&gt; 2.94 mg/L (4 hr)</td>
<td>IV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye irritation (rabbits)</td>
<td>Brief and/or minor irritation</td>
<td>IV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin irritation (rabbits)</td>
<td>Brief and/or minor irritation</td>
<td>IV</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NEUROTOXICITY: Dinotefuran did not produce any functional or histomorphological evidence of neurotoxicity in acute (gavage) and 13-week (dietary) neurotoxicity studies in rats. The NOEL for neurotoxicity in the acute study was 1,500 mg/kg, the highest dose level administered. The NOEL for neurotoxicity in the 13-week dietary study was 50,000 ppm. The NOEL for all effects in this study was 5,000 ppm based on reduced body weight gain and food consumption.

For a summary of the potential for adverse health effects from exposure to this product, refer to Section 2. For information regarding regulations pertaining to this product, refer to Section 15.

SUBCHRONIC: Dinotefuran technical was tested in 13-week dietary toxicity studies in rats, mice and dogs. In the rat study, a NOEL of 500 ppm was established, based on reduced body weight gain in females and adrenal cortical vacuolation in males and a NOAEL of 5,000 ppm based on marked growth retardation at 25,000 ppm (adrenal cortical vacuolation not adverse). A NOEL of 25,000 ppm was established in the mouse study based on reduced body weight gain at 50,000 ppm. In the dog 13-week dietary study, a NOEL of 8,000 ppm was established based on reduced body weight gain. No target organs were identified in subchronic inhalation or dermal toxicity studies in rats.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: In a developmental toxicity study of Dinotefuran technical in rats the maternal NOAEL was 300 mg/kg/day based on reduced weight gain, food consumption and water intake at 1000 mg/kg/day. Dinotefuran technical did not produce developmental effects in rats at doses up to 1000 mg/kg/day (the highest dose tested). In a study with rabbits the maternal NOAEL was 52 mg/kg/day based on reduced weight gain, food consumption and water intake and clinical signs noted at 300 mg/kg/day and pathology findings in the liver and stomach at 125 mg/kg/day and higher. The developmental NOEL was 300 mg/kg/day.

REPRODUCTION: Dinotefuran technical was tested in a two-generation rat reproduction study at doses of 0, 300, 1000, 3000 and 10000 ppm. The NOAEL for systemic toxicity in parental animals was 3000 ppm based on decreased body weight gain and food consumption and decreased spleen and thyroid weights at the highest dose level evaluated (10000 ppm). The NOAEL for reproductive effects was 10000 ppm. The NOAEL for effects on the offspring was 3000 ppm based on reduced preweaning weight gain at 10000 ppm.

MUTAGENICITY: Dinotefuran technical was negative in the following in vitro assays: Ames Assay, mouse lymphoma (L5178Y), mammalian cyto genetics (CHL/IU) or DNA Repair. Dinotefuran technical was negative in the following in vivo assays: mouse micronucleus. Overall, Dinotefuran technical does not present a genetic hazard.
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

AVIAN TOXICITY: Dinotefuran Technical is practically non-toxic to moderately toxic to avian species. Test results include:
- Oral LD₅₀ quail: greater than 2000 mg/kg
- Dietary LC₅₀ Mallard duck: greater than 997.9 ppm
- Dietary LC₅₀ quail: greater than 1301 ppm
- Reproduction quail: NOEL = 5000 ppm
- Reproduction Mallard duck: NOEL = 2000 ppm

AQUATIC ORGANISM TOXICITY: Dinotefuran Technical is practically nontoxic to fish and practically nontoxic to highly toxic to aquatic invertebrate species. Test results include:
- LC₅₀ (96 hr) Bluegill Sunfish: greater than 100 mg/L
- LC₅₀ (96 hr) Rainbow Trout: greater than 100 mg/L
- LC₅₀ (96 hr) Common Carp: greater than 100 mg/L
- LC₅₀ (96 hr) Sheepshead Minnow: greater than 109 mg/L
- NOEC (early life stage) Rainbow Trout: greater than 10 mg/L
- EC₅₀ (48 hr) Daphnia magna: greater than 1000 mg/L
- NOEC (lifecycle) Daphnia magna: greater than 10 mg/L
- LC₅₀ (96 hr) Mysid Shrimp: 0.79 mg/L
- EC₅₀ (96 hr) Oyster Shell Deposition: greater than 141 mg/L

OTHER NON-TARGET ORGANISM TOXICITY: Dinotefuran Technical is highly toxic to bees. The acute oral and contact LD₅₀ in bees were 0.056 µg/bee and 0.022 ug/bee, respectively.

OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION:
This pesticide is toxic to shrimp. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below mean high water mark. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

END USERS MUST DISPOSE OF ANY UNUSED PRODUCT AS PER THE LABEL RECOMMENDATIONS.

DISPOSAL METHODS: Check government regulations and local authorities for approved disposal of this material. Dispose in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN/NA NUMBER: Not applicable
DOT (ground) SHIPPING NAME: Pesticide, dry, non-regulated
TECHNICAL NAME (hazardous material): Not applicable
HAZARD CLASS: Not applicable
PACKING GROUP: Not applicable
DOT REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ): Not applicable
REMARKS: None
EXEMPTION REQUIREMENT: None
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

PESTICIDE REGULATIONS: All pesticides are governed under FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act). Therefore, the regulations presented below are pertinent only when handled outside of the normal use and applications of pesticides. This includes waste streams resulting from manufacturing/formulation facilities, spills or misuse of products, and storage of large quantities of products containing hazardous or extremely hazardous substances.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

Ingredients in this product are reviewed against an inclusive list of federal regulations. Therefore, the user should consult appropriate authorities. The federal regulations reviewed include: Clean Water Act, SARA, CERCLA, RCRA, DOT, TSCA and OSHA. If no components or information is listed in the space below this paragraph, then none of the regulations reviewed are applicable.

Naphthalene sulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt
  TSCA Inventory List - *

SARA (311, 312):

Immediate Health: Yes
Chronic Health: Yes
Fire: Yes
Sudden Pressure: No
Reactivity: No

STATE REGULATIONS:

Each state may promulgate standards more stringent than the federal government. This section cannot encompass an inclusive list of all state regulations. Therefore, the user should consult state or local authorities. The state regulations reviewed include: California Proposition 65, California Directors List of Hazardous Substances, Massachusetts Right to Know, Michigan Critical Materials List, New Jersey Right to Know, Pennsylvania Right to Know, Rhode Island Right to Know and the Minnesota Hazardous Substance list. For Washington State Right to Know, see Section 8 for Exposure Limit information. For Louisiana Right to Know refer to SARA information listed under U.S. Regulations above. If no components or information is listed in the space below this paragraph, then none of the regulations reviewed are applicable.

Dinotefuran, N-methyl-N'-nitro-N''-[(tetrahydro-3-furanyl)methyl]guanidine
  NJ Right To Know Listed

For information regarding potential adverse health effects from exposure to this product, refer to Sections 2 and 11.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

REASON FOR ISSUE: New Product. Added the EPA registration number.
MSDS NO.: 0426
EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER: 86203-11-59639

Emergency Telephone: (800) 892-0099
REVISION NUMBER: 1
MSDS NO.: 0426
REVISION DATE: 08/25/2011
This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) serves different purposes than and DOES NOT REPLACE OR MODIFY THE EPA-APPROVED PRODUCT LABELING (attached to and accompanying the product container). This MSDS provides important health, safety, and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use, while the labeling provides that information specifically for product use in the ordinary course.

Use, storage and disposal of pesticide products is regulated by the EPA under the authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) through the product labeling. All necessary and appropriate precautionary, use, storage, and disposal information is set forth on that labeling. It is a violation of federal law to use a pesticide product in any manner not prescribed on the EPA-approved label.

The information in this MSDS is based on data available to us as of the revision date given herein, and believed to be correct. Contact Valent U.S.A. Corporation to confirm if you have the most current MSDS.

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